

FrontLineSupervisor

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A newsletter from the Employee Assistance Program

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■ There is much talk in society about lawsuits, and employers seem to be a big target. Is most of this interest in suing just a get-rich-quick scheme or retaliation?

Most employees take legal action because they feel wronged and they want to bring about justice, according to research. After experiencing what they perceive as abuse or neglect, they may use the legal system to end a hurtful status quo. Or they may be motivated by a desire to take a principled stand against behavior they detest. Supervisors are on the front line in helping protect their organizations. They can largely prevent workers from filing suits by showing sensitivity to their needs and treating their complaints seriously. When you invest time in listening to employees, responding respectfully to their concerns and following up diligently, you make them feel that they count and that you will be fair and honest with them. The Employee Assistance Program (EAP) also plays a crucial role in helping troubled employees feel heard and valued by the organization. By consistently enforcing organizational policies and treating everyone equally, you will reduce the risk of legal problems.

- I attempted to make a supervisor referral to the EAP, but my employee refused because she has specific religious values she does not feel the EAP will respect. How do I get her to visit the EAP? Things cannot remain as they are with her performance.
- Assure her the EAP treats every issue in an unbiased, comprehensive manner. EA professionals are trained to be sensitive to wide-ranging beliefs, and will act to help your employee feel accepted regardless of her religious or spiritual preferences. They will not attempt to convince her to abandon religious beliefs, but will instead view them as important personal assets for her to use in helping resolve personal problems. She thus has nothing to fear by opening up within the safe, supportive EAP environment. Most EAPs have pastoral counseling resources, and these may also be shared with her. Letting her know the EAP will get her to the resource suitable for her needs will help her accept a referral. No matter what happens, enforce performance standards and act as necessary if those standards remain unmet.
- My employee visited the EAP but didn't sign a release for me. Instead, she signed a release so the EAP could speak to my boss. I believe this is
- It's understandable you feel slighted, but keep in mind the core issue is to address her behavior and performance. The fact that she went to the EAP is a good first step. It raises the odds that her attitude will improve, making your job easier as supervisor. The fact that your boss is the designated contact is a minor matter. The EAP will not release personal information about the employee; your boss will merely be told of her

her way of being passiveaggressive and trying to show me up. Shouldn't the EAP have made her sign a release for me? attendance and other limited information. When supervisors refer employees to the EAP, sometimes the employees feel resentment. They may not trust their supervisors and may frame the conflict as a test of wills. The EAP must honor an employee's decision on a release form and cannot force the issue, so don't let this distract you from focusing on results.

- My employee demonstrates a cynical attitude, which adversely affects morale. She is a good worker, but her remarks at staff meetings are always tainted with her opinions regarding the ulterior motives of others. How can the EAP help?
- When you refer this individual share your concerns with the EA Professional. In the EAP, she will have an opportunity to share her opinions about others in a confidential setting where her cynicism cannot hurt morale. The EA professional will gently guide her to examine her comments more closely and help her understand their impact on others. Developing better self-awareness and not minimizing the impact of one's behavior on others are important lessons for everyone. These are often skills that employees acquire from participation in the EAP, regardless of the nature of their personal problems. The EAP can also coach her to make a more positive impact at staff meetings—by speaking up persuasively at the right time and in a more effective manner by phrasing her comments diplomatically—in order to exert greater influence and win allies to her viewpoint.
- I didn't ask my employee to sign a release of information when making a supervisor referral but meant to do so. Will the EAP ask the employee to sign a release? Or will the EAP wait for the employee to ask?

The EA Professional asks that a Statement of Understanding be signed. Even if the employee does not specify how she came to the EAP (self-or supervisor referred), the EAP will ask, and discuss the EAP Policy. Normally employees want the supervisor to know they are attending the EAP following a referral, so employees usually choose to sign the release. A release is for the employee's benefit, and the EAP will make that clear. Employees learn that, aside from their attendance, the only other information released is the amount of time spent at the EAP and if there are further scheduled EAP appointments). Furthermore, EAPs explain that supervisors are more likely to show patience and support if they know that the employee has followed their recommendation — and the only way they can determine that is with a release.

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